Modification Request Impact Study for Generation Interconnection Requests

GEN-2011-023

May, 2013 Generator Interconnection



Executive Summary

<OMITTED TEXT> (Customer) has requested a modification to Generation Interconnection Requests and GEN-2011-023 in accordance with Section 4.4 of the Generation Interconnection Procedures (GIP) of the Southwest Power Pool Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT). Customers have requested to drop their requests for Network Resource Interconnection Service (NRIS) and to be designated as Energy Resource Interconnection Service (ERIS) only. SPP has undertaken this Modification Request Impact Study (MRIS) to determine the impacts of accommodating the modification request.

A power flow analysis shows that with ERIS Network Upgrades identified in DISIS-2011-001, the Customer's request to drop its request for NRIS will not affect the cost of NRIS Network upgrades for other Interconnection Customers sharing or depending on the NRIS upgrades currently assigned to the Interconnection Customers. Power flow analysis was based on both summer and winter peak conditions and light loading cases.

Stability Analysis was not performed for this study.

The request of the Customer to be designated as Energy Resource Interconnection Service only is not considered a Material Modification under GIP 4.4. The Interconnection Customer is still responsible for all of its Energy Resource Interconnection Service (ERIS) network upgrades as identified in the latest iteration of DISIS-2011-001.

Nothing in this study should be construed as a guarantee of transmission service. If the customer wishes to sell power from the facility, a separate request for transmission service shall be requested on Southwest Power Pool's OASIS by the Customer.

This study fulfills SPP's requirements in accordance with GIP 4.4.3 to evaluate the Customer's modification. In accordance, with GIP 4.4.2, the Customer may choose to withdraw its request for modification.

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Introduction

<OMITTED TEXT> (Customer) has requested a modification to Generation Interconnection Requests GEN-2011-023, in accordance with Section 4.4 of the Generation Interconnection Procedures (GIP) of the Southwest Power Pool Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT Customer has requested to drop its request for Network Resource Interconnection Service (NRIS) and to designated as Energy Resource Interconnection Service (ERIS) only. SPP has undertaken this Modification Request Impact Study (MRIS) to determine the impacts to the transmission system of accommodating the modification request.

Purpose

The purpose of this Modification Request Impact Study (MRIS) is to evaluate the impact of the proposed modification to other interconnection customers. The MRIS considers the Base Case as well as all Generating Facilities (and with respect to (b) below, any identified Network Upgrades associated with such lower queued interconnection) that, on the date the MRIS is commenced:

- a) are directly interconnected to the Transmission System;
- b) are interconnected to Affected Systems that the Modification Request may have an impact on;
- c) have a pending higher queued Interconnection Request to interconnect to the Transmission System; or
- d) have no Queue Position but have executed an LGIA or requested that an unexecuted LGIA be filed with FERC.
- e) Lower gueued interconnection customers that may be impacted.

Nothing in this Modification Request Impact Study constitutes a request for transmission service or confers upon the Interconnection Customer any right to receive transmission service.

Powerflow Analysis

A powerflow analysis was conducted for the Interconnection Customer's facility using a modified version of the 2013 spring, 2013 summer, 2013 winter, 2018 summer, 2018 winter, and 2023 summer seasonal models. The output of the Interconnection Customer's facility was offset in the model by a reduction in output of existing online SPP generation. This method allows the request to be studied as an Energy Resource (ERIS) Interconnection Request. This analysis was conducted assuming that previous queued requests listed in DISIS 2011-001 and DISIS-2011-002 were inservice.

The ACCC function of PSS/E was used to simulate single contingencies in portions of or all of the control area of SUNC and other control areas within SPP and the resulting data analyzed. This satisfies the "more probable" contingency testing criteria mandated by NERC and the SPP criteria.

The analysis consisted of performing the powerflow analysis for all remaining NRIS interconnection requests in the northern Oklahoma area for DISIS-2011-001, DISIS-2011-002, DISIS-2012-001, and DISIS-2012-002. These NRIS requests included in the analysis are listed below.

Request	MW	Point of Interconnection
GEN-2010-029	450	Spearville 345kV
GEN-2010-061	180	Tap Post Rock - Spearville 345kV
GEN-2011-016	200.1	Spearville 345kV
GEN-2011-017	299	Tap Spearville - PostRock 345kV
GEN-2011-044	150	Thistle 345kV
GEN-2012-007	120	Rubart 115kV
GEN-2012-024	180	Clark County 345kV

Table 1. NRIS Request included in the Analysis

Powerflow analysis confirmed the previously identified NRIS constraint of Spearville-Mullergren 230kV (for outage of Spearville-Post Rock 345kV) for GEN-2011-016 and GEN-2010-029. However, no additional NRIS constraints were found. Therefore, analysis indicates that with the ER Network Upgrades identified in DISIS-2011-001, the costs of other Interconnection Customer's NRIS upgrades will not be affected if the customer withdraws its request for NIRS.

Table 2. Additional Constraints caused by Customer Modification Request for other NRIS requests

Source	Season	Group	Constraint	TDF	Contingency
GEN-2010-029			None		
GEN-2010-061			None		
GEN-2011-016			None		
GEN-2011-017			None		
GEN-2011-044			None		
GEN-2012-007			None		
GEN-2012-024			None		

Stability Analysis

Stability Analysis was not performed for this study.

Conclusion

<OMITTED TEXT> (Customer) has requested a modification to Generation Interconnection Requests Gen 2011-023 in accordance with Section 4.4 of the Generation Interconnection Procedures (GIP) of the Southwest Power Pool Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT). Customer has requested to withdraw its request to be studied for NRIS and to only be studied for ERIS.

<u>Power flow analysis showed that with the Network Upgrades identified in DISIS-2011-001, the Customer's request for modification is not considered a Material Modification. The Interconnection Customer is still responsible for all of its Energy Resource Interconnection Service (ERIS) network upgrades as identified in the latest iteration of DISIS-2011-001.</u>

The Stability Analysis was not performed for this study.

The estimates do not include any costs associated with the deliverability of the energy to final customers. These costs are determined by separate studies if the Customer requests transmission service through Southwest Power Pool's OASIS. It should be noted that the models used for simulation do not contain all SPP transmission service.

This study fulfills SPP's requirements in accordance with GIP 4.4.3 to evaluate the Customer's modification. In accordance, with GIP 4.4.2, the Customer may choose to withdraw its request for modification